



### EU Greenwashing Regulation

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On **26 March 2024**, the EU's <u>Empowering Consumers for the Green Transition Directive</u> and its companion, the <u>Green Claims Directive</u>, went into force. The <u>Green Claims</u> <u>Directive</u> requires third-party verification for environmental marketing claims to protect individuals from misleading advertising or "greenwashing." This <u>Blue Brief</u> provides a snapshot of what the new law states, what this means for consumers, what this means for businesses, when it will take effect and how the Blue Standard can be a solution.

The <u>Blue Standard (Blue)</u> by Oceanic Global is a first of its kind cross-industry sustainability standard that empowers industries and businesses to reduce single-use plastics and enhance sustainable operating practices to protect our Blue Planet.

### WHAT IS THE NEW EU REGULATION?

- In January of 2024, the European Parliament voted 467-65 giving its final green light to the new Directive, <u>Empowering Consumers for the Green Transition</u> (ECGT).
  - ★ The law states that environmental marketing claims must be validated by reliable parties and third-party verifiers.
  - \*Among other new restrictions, claims that advertise a neutral, reduced, or positive impact on the environment because the producer is offsetting carbon emissions will be banned.
  - ★ The ECGT entered into force 26 March 2024. Member states will need to apply the new rules by 27 September 2026.
- The <u>Green Claims Directive</u> is the parallel legislation which specifies how claims get verified.
  - ★ The Green Claims Directive requires that businesses making sustainability claims provide data to back up those claims, and that the claims are verified by a third-party.
  - ★ The Green Claims Directive is the "companion" of the ECGT legislation, and will be shaped by a <u>Green Claims Consultation Forum</u> that will allow for external parties to weigh in on the details of the Green Claims Directive.



#### WHY DOES IT MATTER?

- The new law will steward **rigorous oversight** over environmental claims and sustainability labels in Europe.
  - There is a requirement for third-party verification to ensure the reliability of the claims, and that companies are not unfairly disadvantaged by competitors who engage in greenwashing.
- This matters because, according to the EU's own assessment, almost half of the 230 approved "*Ecolabels*" in Europe today have weak verification or little transparency, according to the EU's own <u>assessment</u>.
  - ★ Companies will need to change their operating practices, and consumers will now have more insight and information into products and services they decide to purchase.
- The **ECGT** and the **Green Claims Directive** will *help* consumers to make better purchasing decisions and will ban companies from using greenwashing claims.

# WHAT ACTIONS MIGHT BE REQUIRED FOR BUSINESSES?

- From a legal perspective in the EU, primarily consumer-facing businesses will have to undergo sustainability verification processes to be compliant with the new regulation and to mitigate legal and reputational brand risks.
  - This could result in standards for (and harmonization of) some Ecolabels.
  - ★ Verifications could even include life cycle analysis and assessments of sustainability footprint claims.
- Businesses outside the EU will soon have to follow suit, due to international supply chains and markets.
  - ★ Global businesses will want to show that their operations are aligned with ECGT and the Green Claims Directive thereby **enhancing public confidence** through third party verification systems.
- Proposed fines for not abiding to these regulations will be **at least 4% of annual revenue**, alongside exclusion from procurement processes, and confiscation of revenues.



# HOW DOES THE BLUE STANDARD PROVIDE SOLUTIONS?

- The <u>Blue Standard (Blue)</u> helps businesses & industries of all sizes demonstrate compliance with global sustainability regulations and reporting requirements.
  - ★ Blue also empowers consumers to help stop greenwashing, as they can reference the claims of Blue Verified businesses and products on the Blue Business Directory.



- Blue will be an **implementation partner** to ensure EU and global businesses make compliant claims, and are meeting the new EU requirements.
- Blue **verifies** sustainability claims, offers transparency, provides accountability and standards-compliance, and empowers consumers to seek the Blue Seal.



• The Blue team will continue to **track** the evolution of the ECGT and Green Claims Directive, and will **provide updates and tactics** to help businesses and our Blue Consultants to comply as it unfolds throughout the EU and beyond.

### FURTHER RESOURCES

### EUROPEAN UNION DOCUMENTS/SITES

- Parliament wants to improve consumer protection against misleading claims
  (21 March 2024; press release about the Green Claims Directive).
- Provisional Agreement Resulting From Inter-institutional Negotiations
  - (11 July 2023; regarding empowering consumers for the green transition through better protection against unfair practices and better information)
- European Commission | Green Claims
  - (25 March 2024; EU's Green Claims overview)

#### GET INFORMED! Here are some helpful articles to help educate yourself.

- European Parliament clamps down on greenwashing claims and labels
- Directive to empower consumers for the green transition
- New EU Law Empowers Consumers Against Corporate Greenwashing
- <u>Understanding the EU Green Claims Directive: Implications for Brands and Retailers</u>
- <u>EU Greenwashing Law Is Warning To US Companies To Be Diligent In Environmental</u> Claims